

# The European Consensus on Humanitarian Aid A summary and recommendations

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# **The Principles**

European humanitarian aid is based on principles of:

- ➤ humanity
- ➢ solidarity

**Implementation** depends on the application of:

- > international law particularly International Humanitarian Law
- > the four 'core' humanitarian principles:
  - ➤ humanity
  - ➤ impartiality
  - ➤ independence
  - ➤ neutrality

# The Context

#### The European Consensus on Humanitarian Aid

Signed – December 2007

- first political text of reference on humanitarian aid
- reaffirms the core humanitarian principles
- humanitarian aid is not a crisis management tool
- non-binding

#### Treaty of Lisbon

Signed - December 2007

- > Humanitarian aid is a shared parallel competency
- …humanitarian aid operations shall be conducted in compliance with the principles of international law and with the principles of <u>impartiality</u>, <u>neutrality</u> and <u>non-discrimination</u>
- The Union's operations in the field of humanitarian aid shall be conducted within the framework of the principles and objectives of the <u>external action</u> of the Union

<u>European Consensus on Humanitarian Aid - Action Plan</u> published and adopted by the Council June 2008

# **Keviews & Evaluations since 2008**

2010 - EC mid-term review of the Consensus

(http://europa.eu/rapid/press-release\_MEMO-10-663\_en.htm?locale=en)

2011 - Caritas Europa: Bridging the Gap between policy & practice (http://www.caritas.eu/functions/policy-advocacy-humanitarian-coordination/humanitarian-aid/bridging-the-gap-between-policy)

2014 - EC evaluation carried out by Kings' College and ADE (http://ec.europa.eu/echo/files/evaluation/2014/european\_consensus\_main\_en.pdf)

#### 2014 - VOICE evaluation carried out by DARA

(http://www.ngovoice.org/index.php?page=3490)

## Common Recommendations from EC and VOICE evaluations

- >Improve resource allocation on the **basis of need**
- EU Institutions and EU MS have a more consistent approach to upholding humanitarian principles in specific contexts and crises.
- Respect for humanitarian concerns in all government action
- Coherence between humanitarian and development assistance, recognizing the fundamental differences in approach
- Continued work on LRRD and DRR including in and through development structures
- ➢ Follow-on Action Plan for coordination and accountability

### Ireland's engagement with the European Consensus

Strong record as a principled humanitarian donor – OECD DAC peer review

Enhanced reputation during EU Presidency – innovative leading of the COHAFA, Ethiopia field visits, Consensus Roundtable Dublin

Irish Presidency commitments included a strong focus on the European Consensus and on LRRD

Not clear to what extent Ireland – or indeed many EU MS sought to consistently deliver on the Action Plan

## Recommendations to the Irish Government

- Continue to play an active role in promoting principled humanitarian aid policy with EU Member States and in the Good Humanitarian Donorship process
- Maintain current policy commitment that humanitarian assistance is based on need and not linked to political objectives
- Ensure greater attention is paid to issues of DRR/resilience-building and that funding for this necessary action is <u>not</u> taken from the humanitarian budget
- Consider the distribution of funds between humanitarian actors to reflect the comparative advantages and the proportion of aid delivered by NGOs
- Take the opportunity of the WHS to reinforce the need to keep IHL and humanitarian principles at the heart of all humanitarian action
- Actively encourage and contribute to the development of a new Action Plan and ensure that Ireland has a strategy for its implementation